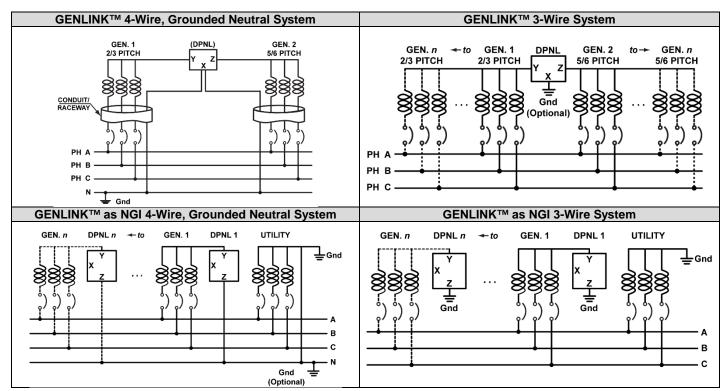
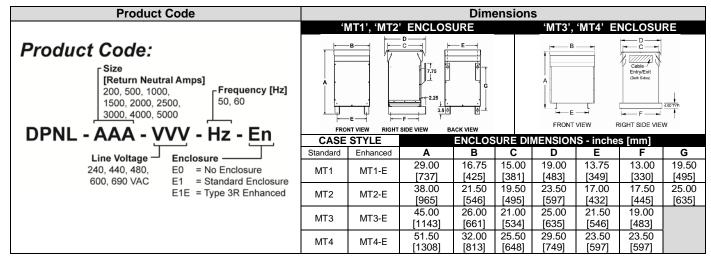
GENLINK™ Technical Data Sheet

| GENERAL SPECIFICAT | IONS: | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| VOLTAGES | 208-240, 380-440, 460-480, 575-600, 660-690 / 3 or 4-wire, 60 or 50Hz | IMPREGNATION | Polyester Resin | | | | |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE RISE | 130°C (Max. Ambient of 40 deg C) | | As per NEMA ST-20 & CSA C9 Based on equivalent kVA | | | | |
| INSULATION CLASS | 220°C | VENTILATION | Convection air cooled | | | | |
| EQUIV. EFFICIENCY AT FULL LOAD | > 99% | WINDING MATERIAL | Copper | | | | |
| SYSTEM CONNECTION | Series connected in the common neutral of generator groups with dissimilar winding pitches | ENCLOSURE | Type: NEMA-3R, ventilated Paint: Polyester powder coated Colour: ANSI 61 Grey | | | | |
| THROUGH IMPEDANCE (%Z) [6] | Y-Z Term: ~ 45% X-Y or X-Z Term: ~ 1% (saturated) | TEMPERATURE SWITCHES | 170°C [200°C] | | | | |
| WINDING MATERIAL | Copper | ALARM | ALM2: Over-Temperature Alarm with horn and flashing light (requires separate power, supplied by customer) | | | | |





TECHNICAL DATA

DISSIMILAR PITCH NEUTRAL LIMITING REAC

| GENLINK™ 50Hz or 60Hz System Selection Table | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| 4-Wire System - Sizes | | | | | | | | Losses | Connections | | |
| | ng (Amps) [3] | Total Capacity of all Paralleled Sources kW [kVA] [2] [3] | | | | | | Weight | @ Full | Mechanical Lugs Provided | |
| Return Neutral | Circulating | 208-240V | 380-440V | 460-480V | 575-600V | 660-690V | Case Style | lb [kg] ^[1] | Load (Watts) [1] | Y and Z Terminals | X Terminal |
| 200 | 100 | 68 [85] | 120 [150] | 250 [312] | 320 [400] | 360 [450] | MT1 | 150 [68] | 150 | 250MCM-#6 | 250MCM-#6 |
| 500 | 250 | 160 [200] | 300 [375] | 640 [800] | 800 [1000] | 900 [1120] | MT2 | 330 [150] | 315 | 600MCM-#2 | 2x600MCM-#2 |
| 1000 | 500 | 335 [420] | 620 [775] | 1280 [1600] | 1600 [2000] | 1800 [2250] | MT2 | 408 [185] | 515 | 2x350MCM-#6 | 4x350MCM-#6 |
| 1500 | 750 | 500 [625] | 920 [1150] | 1920 [2400] | 2400 [3000] | 2720 [3400] | MT3 | 500 [227] | 765 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 2000 | 1000 | 675 [840] | 1200 [1500] | 2500 [3126] | 3200 [4000] | 3600 [4500] | MT3 | 560 [254] | 800 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 2500 | 1250 | 840 [1050] | 1540 [1930] | 3200 [4000] | 4000 [5000] | 4500 [5625] | MT3 | 725 [329] | 965 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 3000 | 1500 | 1000 [1250] | 1840 [2300] | 3800 [4750] | 4800 [6000] | 5475 [6843] | MT4 | 1169 [530] | 1120 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 4000 | 2000 | 1350 [1690] | 2475 [3095] | 5090 [6370] | 6370 [7960] | 7300 [9130] | Consult | | | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 5000 | 2500 | 1690 [2115] | 3095 [3865] | 6370 [7960] | 7960 [9950] | 9135 [11415] | Factory Copper Pad Cop | | | | Copper Pad |

| 3-Wire System or 4-Wire with <30% Ph-N Loads | | | | | | | | | | Connections | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| DPNL Rating (Amps) [3] | | | Total Capa | Total Capacity of all Paralleled Sources kW [kVA] [3] [4] | | | | | @ Full | Mechanical Lugs Provided | |
| Return Neutral | Circulating | 208-240V | 380-440V | 460-480V | 575-600V | 660-690V | Case Style | Weight Ib [kg] ^[1] | Load (Watts) ^[1] | Y and Z Terminals | X Terminal |
| 200 | 100 | 170 [215] | 320 [400] | 380 [475] | 475 [595] | 550 [685] | MT1 | 150 [68] | 150 | 250MCM-#6 | 250MCM-#6 |
| 500 | 250 | 430 [540] | 790 [990] | 950 [1190] | 1195 [1495] | 1370 [1710] | MT2 | 330 [150] | 315 | 600MCM-#2 | 2x600MCM-#2 |
| 1000 | 500 | 865 [1080] | 1585 [1980] | 1910 [2385] | 2390 [2985] | 2700 [3375] | MT2 | 408 [185] | 515 | 2x350MCM-#6 | 4x350MCM-#6 |
| 1500 | 750 | 1295 [1620] | 2370 [2960] | 2870 [3585] | 3584 [4480] | 4110 [5140] | MT3 | 500 [227] | 765 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 2000 | 1000 | 1730 [2160] | 3155 [3945] | 3820 [4775] | 4775 [5970] | 5490 [6860] | MT3 | 560 [254] | 800 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 2500 | 1250 | 2160 [2700] | 3945 [4930] | 4775 [5970] | 5970 [7465] | 6855 [8570] | MT3 | 725 [329] | 965 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 3000 | 1500 | 2590 [3240] | 4735 [5920] | 5735 [7170] | 7170 [8960] | 8235 [10295] | MT4 | 1169 [530] | 1120 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 4000 | 2000 | 3460 [4325] | 6305 [7880] | 7650 [9560] | 9560 [11950] | 10970 [13715] | Consult | | | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 5000 | 2500 | 4320 [5400] | 7890 [9865] | 9560 [11950] | 11950 [14935] | 13710 [17140] | | Factory Copper Pad Cop | | | Copper Pad |

| DPNL as NGI 3- or 4- Wire Systems | | | | | | | | Losses Connections | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|----------|----------|----------|-------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| DPNL Rating (Amps) ^[3] | | Phase Current Ampacity of Generator or Transformer [Amps] [3][5] | | | | | Weight | @ Full | Mechanical Lugs Provided | |
| Return | Circulating | 4-Wire | | 3-Wire | | Style | lb [kg] ^[1] | Load (Watts) [1] | Y and Z Terminals | X Terminal |
| Neutral | Circulating | 208-440V | 460-690V | 208-440V | 460-690V | | | (Watto) | T and 2 Terminals | A Terminal |
| 200 | 100 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 300 | MT1 | 150 [68] | 150 | 250MCM-#6 | 250MCM-#6 |
| 500 | 250 | 250 | 500 | 750 | 750 | MT2 | 330 [150] | 315 | 600MCM-#2 | 2x600MCM-#2 |
| 1000 | 500 | 500 | 1000 | 1500 | 1500 | MT2 | 408 [185] | 515 | 2x350MCM-#6 | 4x350MCM-#6 |
| 1500 | 750 | 750 | 1500 | 2250 | 2250 | MT3 | 500 [227] | 765 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 2000 | 1000 | 1000 | 2000 | 3000 | 3000 | MT3 | 560 [254] | 800 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 2500 | 1250 | 1250 | 2500 | 3750 | 3750 | MT3 | 725 [329] | 965 | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 3000 | 1500 | 1500 | 3000 | 4500 | 4500 | MT4 | 1169 [530] 1120 | | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 4000 | 2000 | 2000 | 4000 | 6000 | 6000 | | Consult | | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |
| 5000 | 2500 | 2500 | 5000 | 7500 | 7500 | | Factory | | Copper Pad | Copper Pad |

Notes:







- To size the DPNL for standard 4-wire applications, determine the total capacity in kW or kVA of all paralleled generators or other sources. Select the DPNL that corresponds to this value in the appropriate system voltage column. This will size the unit for a return neutral current rating that is at least 50% of the full current rating of the application. For 208-240V and 380-440V units, the return neutral rating will be at least 85% of the full current rating.
- 3. It is the Users responsibility to ensure that the actual return neutral current will not exceed the rating of the DPNL. If the return neutral current from all Phto-N loads in 4-wire applications is expected to exceed the recommended DPNL rating, then select a larger size DPNL or use a Mirus NCE-FAI to reduce neutral current (consult factory for sizing).
- For 3-wire standard DPNL applications, determine the total capacity in kW or kVA of all paralleled sources and select the appropriate size from the table for a 3-wire system. The 3-wire table can also be used in 4-wire applications when it is known that there will be no Ph-to-N loads or very few of them.
- When it is not possible to connect all generator and/or transformer neutrals at the DPNL, it can be connected as a neutral grounding inductor or NGI. To size the DPNL for a 4-wire NGI application, determine the phase current ampacity rating of the generator or transformer and select the DPNL that corresponds to this value in the appropriate system voltage column. This will size the unit for a return neutral current rating that is at least 50% of the full current rating of the generator or transformer. For 208-240V and 380-440V units, the return neutral rating will be at least 100% rated. For applications with 3-wire or 4-wire with few Ph-to-N loads, select the appropriate size from those columns in the table. This will size the DPNL to > 33 1/3% of the phase current rating. As per note 3, it is the Users responsibility to ensure that the actual return neutral current will not exceed the rating of the DPNL
- The high impedance between Y-Z terminals prevents the flow of circulating current (predominantly triplen frequency) between the dissimilarly pitched generator groups. X-Y and X-Z impedances are the values to be used for 1-phase fault level calculations and are with core saturated. The DPNL will have no effect on 3-phase fault level.
- DPNL is inserted in the common neutral where two or more generators of dissimilar pitch are connected together (see Connection Diagrams) or where generators are paralleled with an alternate source, such as the Utility. The DPNL is inserted in the neutral between the dissimilar groups.

 The neutral should be grounded in only one location. If grounded at the switchboard or any other location, DPNL terminal X should not be grounded.
- For additional information refer to: Typical Specifications, Application Notes, Internal Layout, Connection Diagrams and GenLink Technical Guide.
- End User is responsible for ensuring that the DPNL installation and wiring satisfies all applicable electrical and safety code requirements. For NEC, relevant sections for sizing neutral conductors include 250.184(A)(2) and 220.61(A).
- 11. Specifications are subject to change without notice.